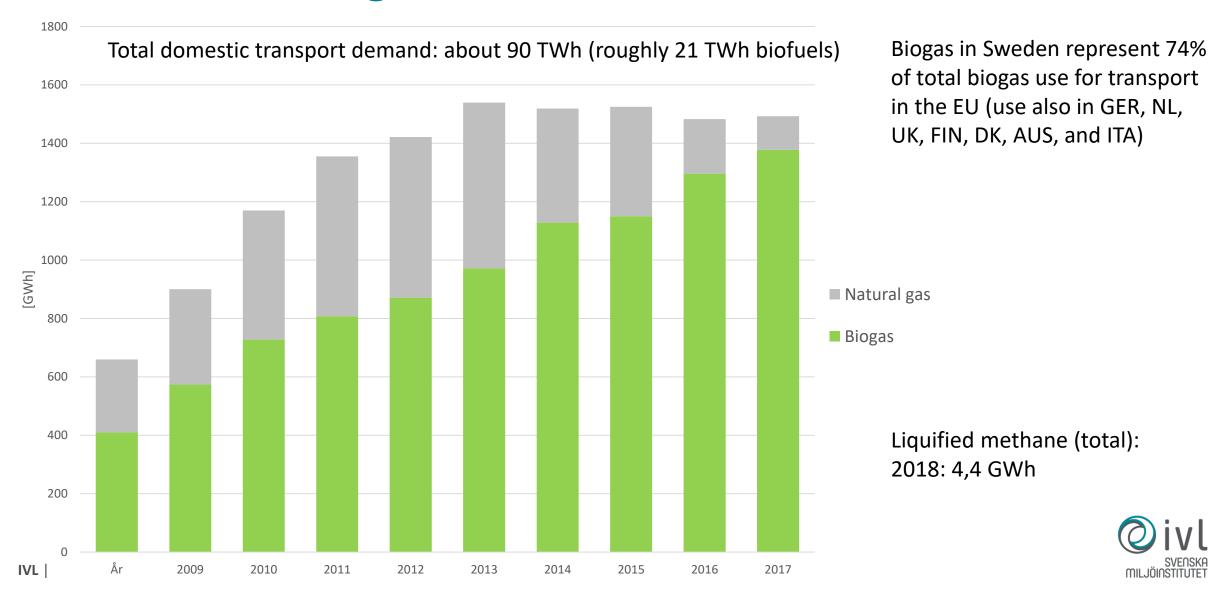
# Biogas development – public procurement, networks, and policy instruments

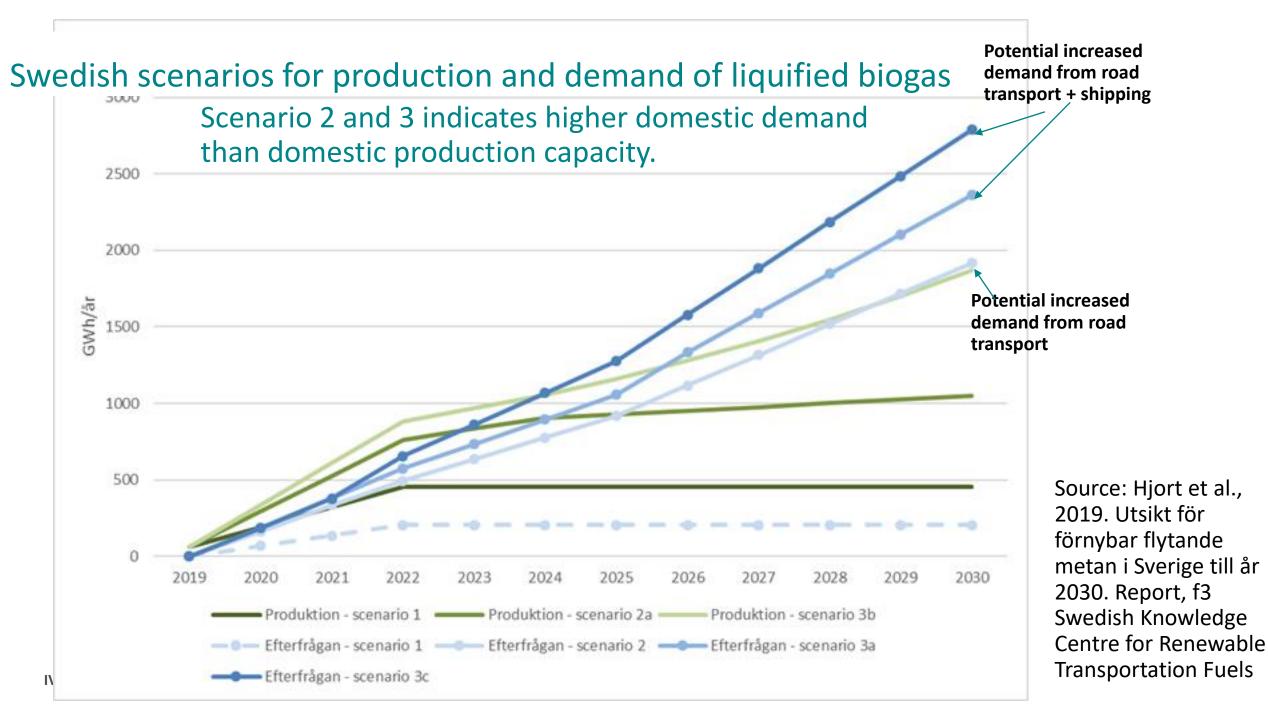


**Julia Hansson**, IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute Tomas Lönnqvist 2019-11-06



## Use of vehicle gas in Sweden 2008-2017





#### **AIM**

 to provide decision support and recommendations that supports local biogas development for the transport sector, aimed for local policy makers.

# Policy instruments Public procurement

#### HOW?

- Interviews with policy makers and literature reviews.
- Focus on three tools for biogas development: public procurement, actor networks and policy instruments.
- Three Swedish case studies: Gothenburg/Västra Götalands Region, Luleå/Norrbotten and Gotland.



### **Identified Success Factors**

- A clear political ambition and appropriate decision-making basis
- Environmentally friendly public procurement
- Follow-up of public procurement
- Dealing with an uneven system growth
- Collaboration and diffusion of information and knowledge



# A clear political ambition and appropriate decision-making basis

Political objectives need to be implemented and municipalities/regions can support biogas by choosing this option themselves.

Example: Gotland has pointed out biogas as the primary transportation fuel and given it priority in the public procurement process.



# Environmentally friendly public procurement

Specific contractual conditions in public procurement can allow suppliers to adjust gradually to meet demands (for example gradual increase in gas vehicle fleet). Result: more suppliers of biogas related services can participate in the procurement.

Example: Västra Götaland prioritizes gas and electric vehicles for transport purchases, Gotland has demand for biogas vehicles while Luleå demand use of renewable fuels.



## Follow-up of public procurement

Follow-up ensures compliance

Follow-up should be executed at several levels: decisions, procurement, and suborder.

Example: Västra Götaland demands a written exemption to suborder a diesel vehicle for regional actors.



# Dealing with an uneven system growth

Biogas is a large technical system that develops unevenly. It is an important challenge to address which parts of the system that are lagging behind.

Example: In Luleå investments in infrastructure are needed to allow biogas demand to grow. In other parts of Sweden other reverse salient are seen, often the demand side.





# Collaboration and diffusion of information and knowledge

- Actor networks referred to as collaborative management structures, public-private partnerships and Triple-Helix structures.
- Actor networks can help to account for critical elements and dynamic aspects of biogas development.
- Important dimensions: actor diversity, integration and stability

Example: Actor networks crucial in all regions. Different strengths and weaknesses of the actor networks in the different case regions.



## Research team

- IVL and LTU
- IVL: Tomas Lönnqvist, Sara Anderson, Sven-Olof Ryding, Anders Hjort and Julia Hansson
- LTU: Robert Lundmark and Patrik Söderholm















## Reference group





















This project has been carried out within the collaborative research program *Renewable* transportation fuels and systems, with funding from the Swedish Energy Agency and f3 Swedish Knowledge Centre for Renewable Transportation Fuels.







#### **Outcomes**

- Our report will be finalized this autumn
- Ongoing article "Establishing Local Biogas Systems: Policy Incentives and Actor Networks in Swedish Regions" intended for the special edition of Biomass & Bioenergy.



## Questions?

Tomas Lönnqvist tomas.lonnqvist@ivl.se Julia Hansson julia.hansson@ivl.se