## Report on field experiment in winter wheat biofortification by Zn and Se

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## Two experiments in Croatia and Serbia:

## I. experiment

- 2-years experiment: 2011-2013
- 2 sites
- 3 genotypes
- biofortification by Zn and Se

## II. experiment

- 2-years experiment: 2013-2015
- 4 sites
- 2 genotypes
- biofortification by Zn and Se + N

#### **Experiment sites in Croatia and Serbia**



## Soil properties:

- Calcareous soils (pH<sub>H20</sub> 7,0-8,5)
- SOM 1,8-3,0 %
- Moderate Zn content (45-67 mg/kg) and availability
- Low Se content (0,15-0,29 mg/kg, only 1 site 0,42)

## Winter wheat genotypes:

- Divana (in Croatia and Serbia)
- Simonida (in Croatia and Serbia)
- Srpanjka (in Croatia)
- Renan (in Croatia)

## **Biofortification by Se:**

#### I. experiment

- control without Se
- 5 g/ha Se foliar
- 10 g/ha Se foliar
- 10 g/ha Se top soil

#### **II. experiment**

- control without Se
- 10 g/ha Se foliar
- 10 g/ha Se foliar + 20 kg/ha N

## **Biofortification by Zn:**

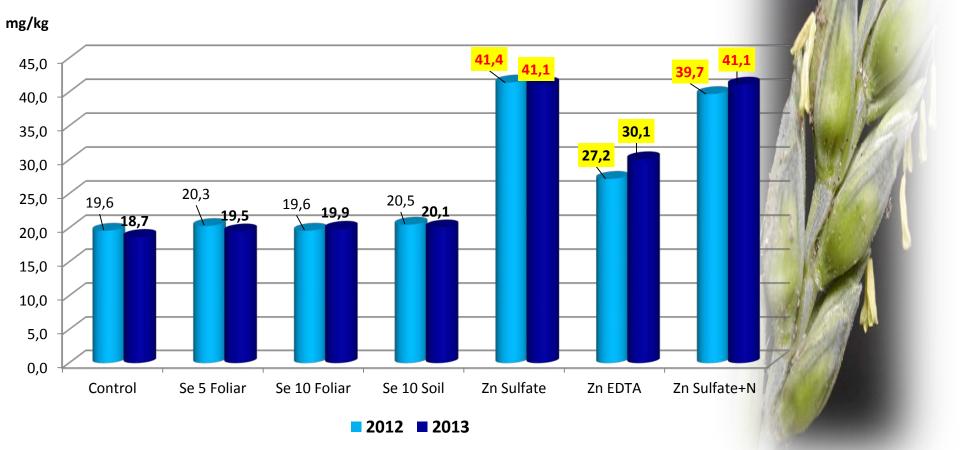
#### I. experiment

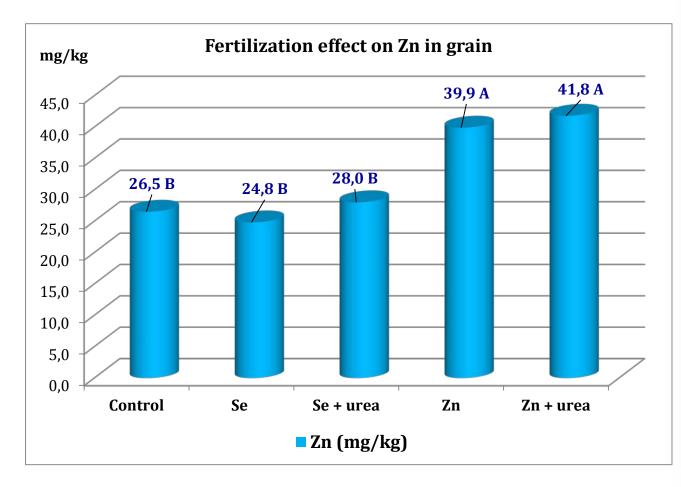
- control without Zn
- 1,5 kg/ha Zn ZnSO<sub>4</sub> foliar
- 1,5 g/ha Zn ZnEDTA foliar
- 1,5 g/ha Zn + N  $ZnSO_4$  foliar

#### **II. experiment**

- control without Zn
- $1,5 \text{ g/ha Zn} \text{ZnSO}_4 \text{ foliar}$
- 1,5 g/ha Zn + N  $ZnSO_4$  foliar

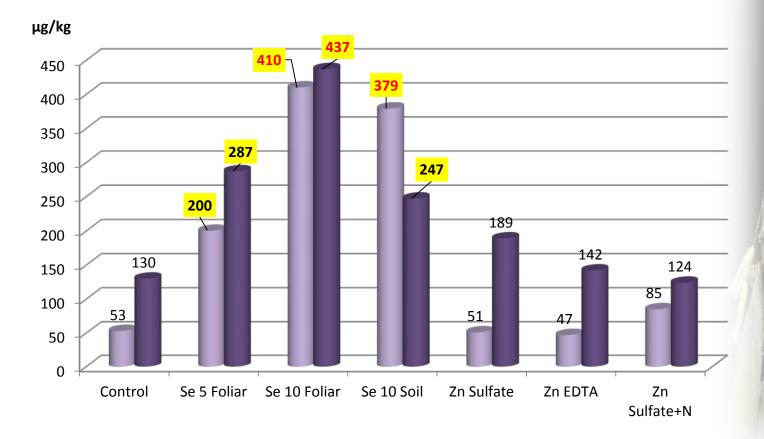


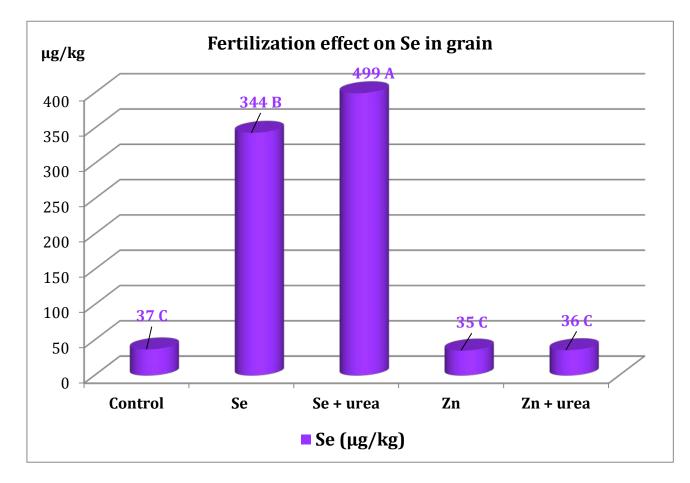




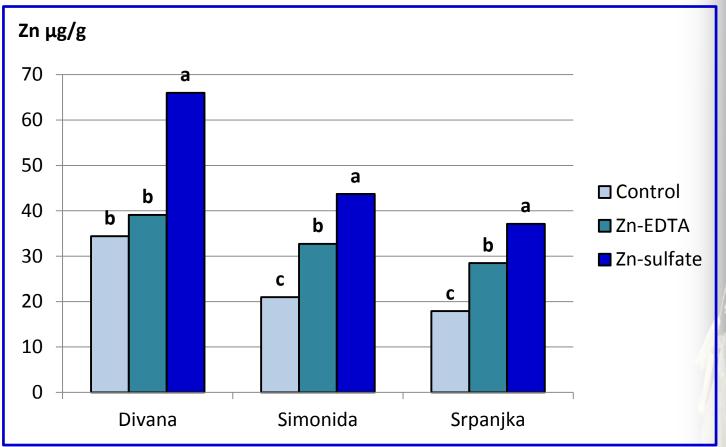
#### Zn in wheat grain – Fertilization effect – 2014-2015

#### Se in wheat grain – Fertilization effect – 2012-2013





#### Se in wheat grain – Fertilization effect – 2014-2015



## Genotype and application effect on Zn concentrations ( $\mu g/g$ )

- Same effect of Zn on cv. Simonida and cv. Srpanjka, some difference on cv. Divana

## Conclusions

- 1. Wheat grain yield was NOT affected by Zn or Se application
- 2. Se concentrations in wheat grain was NOT affected by genotype
- 3. Zn concentrations in wheat grain was affected by genotype
- 4. Se application resulted in 2,4 -4,7 and 10-fold higher Se in grain, depending on season and treatment of applied Se
- 5. Zn application resulted in Zn increasing from 19 mg/kg to 40 and 67 mg/kg in grain, depending on site, genotype and form of Zn

### **Impact on faculties**

- IPA CBC Croatia Serbia project of Faculty of Agriculture in Osijek and Faculty of Agriculture in Novi Sad: "Agricultural Contribution Towards Clean Environment and Healthy Food"
- Other applicationms to IPA&Interreg projects
- Established "Centre for Applied Life Sciences Healthy Food Chain Ltd. For research and development" in Osijek

# Thank you for your attention.